AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

1. (original) A method for inducing movement of an object, the method comprising:

providing an object comprising a liquid crystal elastomer in contact with a fluid; and

exposing said object to an energy source, whereby said energy source induces a shape change in said object, resulting in movement of said object.

- 2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said liquid crystal elastomer is an organopolysiloxane.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said energy source is one of a radiative or a conductive energy source.
- 4. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein said energy source is an electromagnetic radiation source.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 4, wherein said electromagnetic radiation source is a laser.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 5, wherein said laser is an Ar laser emitting at 524 nm.
- 7. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said object is positioned on a surface of said fluid.
- 8. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said fluid is selected from the group consisting of water, ethylene glycol, and mixtures thereof.

- 9. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said object further comprises an azo dye.
- 10. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein said dye is present in an amount of from 0.01 to 4% by weight of said liquid crystal elastomer.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said liquid crystal elastomer contains pendant mesogenic groups.
- 12. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said energy source contracts at least a portion of the object due to a change in the orientation of mesogenic phases in the liquid crystal elastomer.
- 13. (currently amended)The method of claim 1, wherein said liquid crystal elastomer comprises a polysiloxane having a main chain with the formula

$$\begin{bmatrix}
x \\
-S \\
-O
\end{bmatrix}_n$$

where n is from 20 to 500, \underline{X} is an alkyl group, and mesogenic pendant side chains having the formula

where where R¹ is an alkenyl group and R² is selected from the group consisting of alkoxy, cyano, and alkyl groups.

14. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said liquid crystal elastomer has a crosslink density of from 5 to about 25%.

- 15. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said movement of said object is relative to said energy source.
- 16. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said liquid crystal elastomer is crosslinked using a compound having the formula

$$H_2C = CH_2 + CH_2C + CH_2C$$

- 17. (original) An apparatus for producing work, the apparatus comprising a liquid crystal elastomer in contact with a fluid, said liquid crystal elastomer capable of changing shape upon exposure to an energy source.
- 18. (original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein said liquid crystal elastomer is held in a fixed position.
- 19. (original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein said liquid crystal elastomer undergoes movement in response to said shape change.
- 20. (original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein said energy source is an electromagnetic radiation emitter.
- 21. (original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the apparatus is a propulsion system for an object in contact with a fluid.
- 22. (original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the apparatus is a system for moving a fluid.
- 23. (original) The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the apparatus is a peristaltic pump.

- 24. (original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein said liquid crystal elastomer is an organopolysiloxane.
- 25. (original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein said liquid crystal elastomer contains pendent mesogenic groups.
- 26. (original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein an azo group containing dye is dispersed in said liquid crystal elastomer.
- 27. (original) The apparatus of claim 25, wherein said pendent mesogenic group is a biphenyl group.
- 28. (currently amended)The apparatus of claim 25, wherein said liquid crystal elastomer comprises a polysiloxane having a main chain with the formula

where n is from 20 to 500, X is an alkyl group, and mesogenic pendant side chains having the formula

$$R^1$$
—O—COO— \mathbb{R}^2

where where R¹ is an alkenyl group and R² is selected from the group consisting of alkoxy, cyano, and alkyl groups.

- 29. (original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein said liquid crystal elastomer is tubular in shape.
- 30. (original) A method for inducing movement of a flexible object in contact with a fluid, the method comprising exposing a flexible object to an energy

source, whereby the energy source induces a shape change in the object, resulting in the movement of the object.

31. (original) The method of claim 30, wherein said energy source is a mechanical energy source.